87™ FC- PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION

Max. Marks: 72 Duration: 2 hours

PART - A

- a. Answer any FIVE (5) out of Eight (8) questions given below.
- b. Each question carries 6 marks.
- c. Answer should be about 100 words

 $5 \times 6 = 30$ Marks

- 1. What in your opinion is innovation in administration? How will it help to have better Government?
- 2. How will decentralization help for effective administration?
- 3. Role of media in democracy
- 4. What are the methods of delegation? What are the common barriers to delegation?
- 5. Explain the role of bureaucracy in administration in India
- 6. When is it ethical to disobey the orders of superior officer? Give reasons to your answer
- 7. Explain the spread of Biotechnology and it's impact on various sectors
- 8. Do you think poverty allieviation programmes help to reduce poverty? Justify your answer

PART - B

- a. Answer any THREE (3) out of Six (6) questions given below.
- b. Each question carries 14 Marks.
- c. Answer should be about 500 words

3x 14 = 42 Marks

- 9. What are the do's and don't of a Civil Servant according to Conduct Rules?
- 10. What are the benefits of e- Governance? Describe with two initiatives implemented in the country.
- 11. How the accountability in government is ensured through audit?
- 12. What do you understand by civil society? What is the role of civil society in rural development?
- 13. What in your opinion is the emerging pattern of relationship between the Political Executive and the Civil Servant? Explain referring to some examples
- 14. What is the role of Public Sector in protecting health in a developing country like India? What Policies or Schemes do you suggest for reaching the unreached?

87[™] FC- LAW

Max. Marks: 72 Duration: 2 hours

PART - A

- a. Answer any FIVE (5) out of Eight (8) questions given below.
- b. Each question carries 6 marks.

 $5 \times 6 = 30$ Marks

- 1. What are the various sources of law?
- 2. What is civil contempt? How is it different from criminal contempt?
- 3. Explain the following:
 - a) Theft b) Criminal misappropriation
- 4. What are pleadings? What is the rule pertaining to burden of proof in civil cases?
- 5. What are the rights of a consumer?
- 6. Explain the circumstances under which the following writs can be issued:
 - a) Writ of Prohibition b) Writ of Certiorari.
- 7. What are the various offences under the Dowry Prohibition Act?
- 8. What are the factors vitiating free consent in a Contract?

PART - B

- a. Answer any THREE (3) out of Six (6) questions given below.
- b. Each question carries 14 Marks.

 $3 \times 14 = 42 \text{ Marks}$

- 9. Explain the basic principles of natural justice.
- 10. Why is independence of judiciary a basic feature of the Indian Constitution?
- 11. What are the various offences under the Prevention of Corruption Act 1988?
- 12. What is sexual harassment? Explain the various steps to be taken by an employer to deal with the problem of sexual harassment of women in work places.
- 13. a) What are the essential elements of crime?
 - b) 'A' meets 'Z' on the highway, shows a pistol and demands Z's purse. 'Z' in consequence surrenders his purse. Name the offence and explain it.

(PTO)

14. A) Fill in the blanks:

I.	Bail is a matter of right inoffences.								
II.	An agreement enforceable by law is								
III.	Writ issued in illegal detention cases is								
IV.	Five or more persons committing or attempting to commit robbery amounts to								
	·								
٧.	Unwelcome sexually dete	rmined be	chavior like physical contact and advances						
	amounts to	·							
B) Ma	tch the following:								
i. ii.	Disability Tort		A) Guilty Act B) No power						
iii.	Actus reus		B) No power C) No liability						
iv.	Immunity	()	D) Civil wrong						
C) Cho	ose the correct answer :								
	Which of the following (i) "A" is correct.	mmunity ong. g statemer) (B) Crime is Public wrong. nts is correct? (ii) "B" is correct. rect. (iv) Neither "A" nor "B" is correct.						
(c)) 'Rule of Law' means (i) Supremacy of Lav (iii) Supremacy of G) (ii) Supremacy of Courts t (iv) Supremacy of King						
(d) Mens rea includes :	()						
	(i) Intention (iii) Negligence		(ii) Knowledge (iv) All the above						
(e) Forgery is an offence (i) Against property (iii) Against public justice	() (ii) Against person (iv) Relating to documents.						

87" FC-BASIC ECONOMICS

MAX. MARKS: 72 TIME: 2 Hours

PART - A

- a. Answer any FIVE (5) out of Eight (8) questions given below.
- b. Each question carries 6 marks.
- c. Answer should be about 100 words

 $5 \times 6 = 30$ Marks

- 1. What is the relevance of Economics to administrators?
- 2. What are externalities? What can the Government do when production of goods involves negative externality?
- 3. What is a market failure? Suggest remedies
- 4. What is meant by 'utility'? What are the kinds of utility?
- 5. What factors influence supply in the market?
- 6. How will the demand and supply help to determine the price?
- 7. What is the impact of price ceiling in the market?
- 8. Write about the Market, Command and Mixed economies

PART - B

- a. Answer any THREE (3) out of Six (6) questions given below.
- b. Each question carries 14 Marks.

3x 14 = 42 Marks

- 9. Comment upon the performance of the agricultural sector in India. What do you think are the main challenges presently before the Indian agriculture? What are your suggestions?
- 10. What are the impediments in the domestic production of coal in India? What are the alternatives available?
- 11. Explain the concept of poverty. What are the measures do you suggest to reduce poverty in India? Do you consider that the anti poverty programmes are successful? Elucidate.
- 12. What is the impact of population on resources? What are your suggestions?
- 13. What are the impediments to economic growth in India? Suggest remedies
- 14. What do you consider are the challenges in governance with regard to international trade? Give suggestions

87™ FC-INDIAN HISTORY & CULTURE

Max. Marks: 48 Hours					Dι	ıration:	2
		PART - A	<u> </u>				
a. Answer any FOUI b. Each question co	R (4) out of Eight (8) arries Six marks.) questions	given	below.	4	x 6 = 24	4 Marks
1. "History is an u	nending dialog betw	een the pa	ıst and	d the present	.". Com	ment.	
2. Discuss the cha	racter of revolts aga	ainst the Co	olonial	l rule in India	ì.		
3. Write about tea	achings of Buddhism						
4. Role of SPIC MA	CAY in the spread o	f Indian Cu	lture.				
5. Composite cult	ure in India						
7. Impact of refor8. Answer the Follows	-	n Hinduism	1		form of	commu	nication?
	multiple choice que						
	ong the Sikh Gurus ir	•		J	ikhs?	()
(a) Guru Na		, ,	anjit S				
(c) Guru Tej		, ,		obind Singh	-c	(,
(a) Annie Be	: Woman President o Pasant			Naidu	55	(,
(C) Sucheta		, ,	mrit K				
	/ivenkananda went nce held in 1893 at	to U.S.A	and I	Participated	in the	World (Religions
(a) New Yor	k	(b) (Chicag	go			

(d) Washington

(c) Philadelphia

I۱	7. M.S. Subba Lakshmi was g (a) Carnatic Music (c) Kathakali	given Bharat Ratna for (b) Bharatnatya (d) Hindustani <i>I</i>	am	ribution in	()
В.	Match the following: (1X2=2	Marks)				
	(a) Maharastra(b) Punjab(c) Rajasthan(d) Kerala	(i) Bhangra (ii) Dandia (iii) Mohiniattam (iv) Lavani	()))		

PART - B

- a. Answer any TWO (2) out of Four (4) questions given below.
- b. Each question carries 12 marks.

 $2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ Marks}$

- 9. Write an essay on the status of women from ancient times. In the light of reforms, how do you define the status of women in India?
- 10. Explain the nature of State in Ancient, Medieval and Modern India?
- 11. Analyse the causes and consequences of social discrimination based on caste system in independent India
- 12. The roots of modern administration are from the ancient and medieval periods. Do you agree? Give reasons

87™ FC- MANAGEMENT & BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES

Max. Marks: 48 Duration: 2 Hours

PART - A

- a. Answer any FOUR (4) out of Eight (8) questions given below.
- b. Each question carries Six marks.

 $4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Explain briefly the Principles of Management
- 2. What are the effective ways of giving and receiving feed back?
- 3. How will Johari Window look like for a very open individual? Draw and briefly explain
- 4. What do you understand by balance sheet?
- 5. What is a team? How team work is important in Government?
- 6. What are the barriers of effective communication? How do you suggest to overcome atleast four of the barriers?
- 7. Write about the significance of Correlation in statistical analysis
- 8. Discuss Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs

PART - B

- a. Answer any TWO (2) out of Four (4) questions given below.
- b. Each question carries 12 marks.

 $2 \times 12 = 24 \text{ Marks}$

- 9. Briefly explain the various phases of project life cycle
- 10. What is FIRO-B? What are the various dimensions underlying the FIRO-B Model? Briefly explain
- 11. (a) Define and differentiate SD &SE
 - (b) A researcher conducted an experiment involving three groups of subjects. The mean of the first group was 75 and there were 50 subjects in the group. The mean of the second group was 80, and there were 40 subjects. The third group had a mean of 70 and 25 subjects. Calculate the overall mean of the three groups combined.
- 12. How do you define leadership in Government? Based on your interactions with various Role models during Foundation Course, what are the qualities of an effective leader in Government?



87" FC - POLITICAL CONCEPTS & CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Max. Marks: 48 Duration: 2 Hours

PART - A

- a. Answer any FOUR (4) out of Eight (8) questions given below.
- b. Each question carries Six marks.

 $4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. "Indian Constitution is federal with a strong unitary bias". Do you agree? Give reasons to support your answer
- 2. What is the significance of transparency in Government? Give your views.
- 3. Discuss the role and significance of Civil Services under the Constitution of India?
- 4. What is the need for maintaining independence of judiciary? Give your reasons
- 5. Fundamental duties of citizens under Constitution of India
- 6. "Political parties play a critical role in strengthening the foundations of democracy".

 Comment
- 7. Explain the Penalties and the grounds on which Penalties can be imposed under RTI Act, 2005.
- 8. What are Fundamental Rights? How are they protected?

PART - B

- a. Answer any TWO (2) out of Four (4) questions give below.
- b. Each question carries 12 marks.

2x 12 = 24 Marks

- 9. What is the meaning of "Sovereign", "Socialist", "Secular", "Democratic" and "Republic"? What is the significance of these terms in Indian Constitution?
- 10. Critically examine the relationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy.
- 11. Explain the defining moments in India's Foreign Policy?
- 12. What do you mean by Human Rights? Comment upon the challenges in protection of human rights. What in your opinion is expected from Civil Servants?